

METAL PRICES

NEW YORK, May 29.—Metal quotations for today are: Silver 99.5c; lead 7@7.375c; spelter 7.175@7.275c; copper 23.5c.

The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS

INDEPENDENT

PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

WEATHER FORECAST

Weather indications for Ogden and vicinity: Tonight partly cloudy and cooler north portion; frost in high districts; Thursday fair, warmer.

Forty-eighth Year—No. 128.

Price Five Cents

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 29, 1918.

3:30 P. M. CITY EDITION—10 PAGES

PARIS IS THREATENED

Foch Moving Up Reserves and Expecting to Turn Scale of Battle Within 48 Hours

AMERICANS CAPTURE 200 HUNS

Desperate Fight Raging on Line East of Soissons

There has been no let-up as yet in the German drive south from the Aisne and both the French and the British have been forced to give ground. Confidence is expressed in Paris, however, that the Allied reserves, now rapidly coming up, will shortly turn the scale and stop the enemy advance.

Apparently the Germans already are being held in the center of their advance, along the Vesle river, in the vicinity of Fismes, where the point of the German wedge has been thrust. The pressure on both the Allied flanks, however, has been such that both have been compelled to fall back.

On the west, the French lines have been withdrawn to the easterly outskirts of Soissons, which town is about seven miles south of the nearest point of the battle line as it existed before the new German drive was begun on Monday. This considerably broadens to the west the front on which the enemy is advancing.

On the east the Franco-British line has been pulled back from St. Thierry, northwest of Rheims, where it rested yesterday, to the heights south and southeast of that town. This also has the effect of widening out the front of the enemy thrust.

The bringing of Soissons into the battle area may indicate that the weight of the German blow has been shifted in this southwesterly direction and is being exerted along the railway that leads to Paris from that town. The possibility of the trend of the enemy push being turned in this direction has been forecast by the commentators.

The Americans west of Montdidier have further proved their worth by resisting another German counter-attack on the new positions won by the American troops yesterday when they drove into a depth of nearly a mile and captured the village of Cantigny. The Germans were repulsed in their second effort as in their first and suffered heavy losses.

PARIS, May 29.—The French troops have fallen back to the eastern outskirts of Soissons where the battle continues with bitterness, the French war office announced this afternoon.

PARIS, May 29.—Franco-British troops, the statement adds, have fallen back to the heights south and southeast of St. Thierry, where they are holding positions between the Vesle and the Aisne canal.

American troops to the west of Montdidier, the French statement says, have repulsed two German counter-attacks against the village of Cantigny.

In the center, continues the war office announcement, fighting is going on with varying success on the heights on the southern bank of the Vesle river, where the French troops are bravely and admirably defending their positions.

Germans Heavily Repulsed. LONDON, May 29.—German troops who counter-attacked last night against the Americans who captured Cantigny, west of Montdidier, were repulsed with heavy losses, reports Reuters' correspondent at the British army headquarters in France today.

LONDON, May 29.—The official statement says: "We carried out a successful raid last night southeast of Arras and captured prisoners and a machine gun. A raid attempted by the enemy at Givenchy-les-La Bassée was repulsed. A hostile attack upon one of our posts south of the Ypres-Comines canal also was repulsed after sharp fighting.

"The hostile artillery has been active north of Albert in the neighborhood of Alette, east of Robecq and northwest of Merville and has shown somewhat increased activity locally east of Arras and south of Lens."

LONDON, May 29.—The German artillery is active north of Albert and in the Flanders salient, east of Robecq, the war office announces. The enemy's fire increased locally east of Arras and south of Lens.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Tuesday, May 28.—(By the Associated Press.)—The American line now runs 150 to 200 yards east of

NIGHT NEWS SUMMARY.

NEW YORK—Olive drab and khaki colored cloth will not be made hereafter for civilian use, the manufacturers of woolen and worsted goods have decided, at the request of the war department.

WASHINGTON—One union express company for the United States was created by agreement between Director General McAdoo and the Adams, American, Wells-Fargo and Southern companies.

MADISON, Wis.—Former President Roosevelt declared the war would have been over a year ago if the United States had begun to prepare three years ago and that there should have been a censorship on boasting.

MUSKOGEE, Okla.—William Rogers, one of four men arrested, was said to have confessed the plot of dynamiting the homes of a United States judge and United States district attorney.

SAN FRANCISCO—Thomas J. Mooney, convicted of murder in connection with the Preparedness day bomb explosion here in 1916, was sentenced to be hanged on an indeterminate date, not less than sixty nor more than ninety days from today.

more attention to them than if they had been confetti.

"It was the finest example of team work I ever saw. There was not a hitch anywhere. The men cracked jokes and sang, but they were businesslike in their work."

Lieutenant Albert E. Billings of Brooklyn, N. Y., who also was slightly wounded, was brought to the hospital and placed on a cot adjoining that of Lieutenant Butler. As soon as their eyes met they clasped hands and greeted each other like long lost brothers.

"It was a great show, wasn't it?" Billings said.

"Gee, I wish the folks at home could have seen it. I wouldn't have missed it for the world."

Many of the American soldiers who took part in the successful attack against the German lines west of Montdidier today also participated in the repulse of the German raid against the American lines Monday.

One participant in Monday's affair is said to have been found today in a shell hole in No Man's Land with two wounded Germans as his prisoners. He was unable to get back to the American lines Monday night so he stood guard over them until the attack this morning liberated him and secured the prisoners to the Americans.

Lieutenant Irving W. Wood of Oakland, Cal., said he did not see one American fall during today's attack.

"It was more exciting than a football game," he added. "We have got the Huns on the run. All we need is more Americans and then we shall lick them."

The Americans penetrated the German positions to a depth of nearly a mile. Their artillery completely smothered the Germans. The roar of the American guns could be heard for many miles in the rear. Several fires are burning behind the German lines.

Twelve French tanks supported the American infantry.

Bombarding Paris. PARIS, May 28.—The long range bombardment of Paris began again early this morning.

Germans Laying Railroad. MOSCOW, Friday, May 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Germans are laying a railway from the Finnish frontier to Petchenga bay on the Mourmansk coast, according to an Archangel dispatch to the Nasse Slovo.

Action in Macedonia. PARIS, Tuesday, May 28.—Reporting on operations in Macedonia, an official statement from the war office tonight says:

"Army of the East, May 27.—There were reciprocal artillery actions west of Lake Doiran, on the right bank of the Vardar and in the region of Vetrelik. A French detachment carried out a successful surprise attack against an enemy post southwest of Givghell. An enemy attempt to attack Serbian trenches southeast of Gradensnitsa was repulsed."

CANADA TRAINING COURSE. OTTAWA, May 29.—A four weeks' course in Canada for training vocational workers to instruct disabled American soldiers opened today at the Chateau Laurier. Thirty Americans have enrolled for the work.

GREAT ITALIAN DRIVE

Most Brilliant Mountain Operation Since War Began.

FORTY-HOUR FIGHT

Basin of Presena Lake Captured Finally in Bayonet Drive.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Tuesday, May 28.—(By the Associated Press.)—One of the most brilliant mountain operations since the beginning of the war was carried out by the Italians in the Tonale region north-west of Trent, early this week.

The basin of Presena lake was captured by Italian Alpini after forty hours of fierce fighting.

The Austrians were well entrenched. The great Presena mountain was reached by the Alpini after attacking four times under heavy fire. The enemy was finally overwhelmed by a bayonet drive.

The fighting was rendered more difficult by the condition of the ground which was hard and slippery with late spring snows. The Italians advanced up steep ascents down precipices and over glaciers.

ROME, Monday, May 27.—The brilliant victory of the Italians in the Tonale region was won in fighting of ground about 12,000 feet above the sea amid melting snows and everlasting glories. The battle was remarkable on account of the highly specialized troops engaged and the mechanical devices applied.

The vast wastes of Tonale mountain, dominating the Camonica plateau and the approaches to Paradise pass, had been neglected by both sides as a held for offensive operations but now becomes more important.

Among the results of the Italian attack were the blowing up by artillery fire of an important Austrian munitions dump and the capture of two telegraph lines which ran through Paradise pass. The Italians were assisted greatly by a violent fire. It required heroic efforts by the Alpini to carry guns to the mountain tops.

DARING WORK OF I. W. W. MEMBER

CHICAGO, May 29.—The exploits of Joseph A. Oates whose intrepid ventures carried him into the inner circles of the union miners who were at war with the Industrial Workers of the World in Arizona, were introduced in evidence today by the government in the trial of 112 I. W. W. leaders for conspiracy to upset the nation's war plans.

Oates' daring as an I. W. W. organizer in the southwest mining regions just prior to the sensational wholesale deportations from Bisbee was shown in a set of letters seized from the Miami, Ariz., mails and which the government charged furnished one of the links in the chain of evidence indicating the nation-wide anti-war conspiracy was directed from general headquarters in Chicago.

CONDUCT OF U. S. TROOPS PRAISED

War Department Highly Pleased Over American Morale in First Offensive.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—War department officials are highly pleased at the conduct of the American troops in their first offensive against the Germans in Picardy. The attack that brought the capture of Cantigny, they pointed out today, was delivered with speed and precision, testifying to the hard hitting quality in the Americans.

The quick consolidation of the ground won, noted by both foreign and American correspondents, officers say, gives satisfactory proof of the aptitude of American officers and men in learning the methods of modern warfare.

Counter Attack Forecast. Some officers believe the American attack may forecast the launching of counter-offensive of large scope by General Foch. They regard the time and place of the operations as right for a feeling-out thrust as a preliminary to a counter-assault in force.

The German claim of 15,000 prisoners in the new thrust on the Aisne front did not strike observers here as unusual, should it prove true. British official statements have shown that the front line trench system in this sector was overrun in the enemy rush, which appears to have penetrated to a maximum depth of about ten miles. It is believed here that rear guard actions account for many captures.

Most observers here are still convinced that the Germans have not yet struck at the point where their real offensive is planned.

Reports of successful operations by American soldiers are coming to the war department, Secretary Baker said today. Details of the actions are expected in the summary of communications from General Pershing.

The secretary made this statement when asked to comment on the situation in Europe.

"I cannot comment on the general situation," he said. "We are constantly receiving reports of splendid valor and successful operations by our American soldiers and I am very proud of the part they are now playing. Details of these actions will appear in the communications from General Pershing."

Pershing's War Communique. An addition to General Pershing's communique for yesterday, given out by the war department today, reports that two German patrol attacks on May 28 and 27 were repulsed by American troops.

Lieutenants Rickenbacher and Campbell, American airmen, downed one enemy machine while fighting six.

General Pershing cited an American sergeant, who, although wounded, drove off an enemy patrol of four men.

The Pershing communique follows: "Section B: Yesterday morning three of our planes encountered four hostile planes flying at 5000 meters in the region of Montsec. In the fighting which ensued, Lieutenant Douglas Campbell successfully attacked two of the German machines. Of these one lost both wings and fell. This was referred to in yesterday's communique. In the same encounter one of our aviators was wounded, but succeeded in making a normal landing within our lines."

"Yesterday morning in a sector recently taken over by our troops an American sergeant encountered a German patrol of four men, who had entered one of our trenches during the night. In fighting which ensued three wounds, succeeded in driving out the hostile patrol which left grenades and wire cutters behind."

"This morning Lieutenant Rickenbacher and Lieutenant Campbell attacked a group of six enemy planes and brought one down out of control."

German Gain Admitted. LONDON, May 29.—Several of the morning newspapers without comment on the battle on the Aisne sector. Others, while admitting the Germans have gained a substantial initial success, depreciate any idea of treating the enemy's advance too seriously. It is recalled that similar thrusts have not been followed by continuous successes.

KAISER ON THE FIELD

Wires Empress That Glorious Infantry Has Crossed the Aisne.

ENEMY SURPRISED

God Has Granted Germans Splendid Victory, Will Help Further.

AMSTERDAM, May 29.—Emperor William, who is on the field of battle south of Laon, on the Aisne front, has sent the following telegram to the empress at Potsdam:

"William (apparently Crown Prince Frederick William) has today attacked the British and French on the Chemin des Dames. The strongly consolidated height, after being subjected to mighty artillery fire, has been stormed by our glorious infantry. We have crossed the Aisne and are approaching the Vesle."

"Fritz, with the First Guards Infantry division, was one of the first to reach the Aisne. (This is evidently another reference to the crown prince.) The Twenty-eighth division also has again distinguished itself. The British and French were completely surprised. Our losses are small. Tomorrow we shall make further progress."

"God has granted us a splendid victory and will help further. Greetings."

Chemin des Dames Fight a Surprise. COPENHAGEN, May 29.—Military critics in the Berlin press admit they are surprised by the choice of the Chemin des Dames for the new German offensive on the western front, and they declare it is obvious the entire allied commanders likewise were surprised.

The critics assert that exhausted English divisions recently were assigned to the Champagne positions obediently and the commentators are jubilant over the assumption that the reserves of General Foch are far away. The German newspapers give alleged statements of British and French prisoners admitting their surprise was complete.

German Progress Slight. WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Tuesday, May 28.—(By the Associated Press.)—The German offensive made only slight progress today. Seeing the heavy masses opposed to them, the allies gave way in the center and in some places the enemy crossed both the Aisne and the Vesle.

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FOCH'S TROOPS GAINING

No Important Line Yet Threatened by Crown Prince.

RESERVES PRAISED

Americans Behave Like Veterans in Montdidier Fight.

PARIS, May 29.—General Foch now has the situation well in hand and French troops are beginning to gain on the German advanced forces in a contest of speed. No important line of communication is yet threatened by the advance of the German crown prince.

Those on the scene declare it is not too much to say that another forty-eight hours will see the German drive definitely stopped. High praise is given the French reserves for the perfect order in which they are coming into the fighting line.

Not the least encouraging news was the brilliant success of the Americans in the Montdidier sector which all the newspapers feature.

It was the first important action carried out alone by the Americans. All reports agree that they behaved like veterans. This is pronounced the best augury for the early future when American help will weigh heavily in the balance.

Berlin Tones Down War Report. LONDON, May 29.—Berlin newspapers apparently have been given orders to tone down their war enthusiasm, says the Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Express, reporting German comment on Monday's fighting along the Aisne.

The Cologne Volks-Zeitung says of the fighting: "Our new success shows us again how justified is our confidence in our great leaders. It would be premature to draw final conclusions, but it is enough for the German people to know that its confidence in the spirit of the troops can never be disappointed."

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FOUR KILLED, 20 HURT IN WRECK

Illinois Central Passenger Encounters High Water and Bridge Goes From Beneath.

WATERLOO, Ia., May 29.—Four persons are known to be killed and at least twenty injured when Illinois Central passenger train No. 11, west-bound, was wrecked near Appleton, 30 miles west of here early today. Engineer Alderman and Fireman Golviniaux both of Waterloo, were killed. Two mail clerks are also reported killed. The injured were rushed to this city and taken to hospitals.

The train was running at a moderate rate of speed when it encountered high water. When the engine started over the bridge at Beaver creek, near Appleton, the structure fell. The locomotive plunged on the bank while the chair car, the only day coach on the train, keeled over on its side.

James J. Rae, 42, mail clerk, died at St. Francis hospital here this morning. His home was in Dubuque.

Long Distance Message. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., May 29.—A long distance telephone message to the Gazette from Parkersburg, Ia., says seven are dead in a wreck on the Illinois Central railroad at Appleton. Rescue and wreck trains are held up west of the scene on account of washouts. The engineer, fireman, baggage man and two mail clerks are among those reported killed. The train was west-bound from Chicago to Sioux City and went through a washed out bridge.